FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

and

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED

JUNE 30, 2024 and 2023

Table of Contents

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3-12
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Position	13
Statements of Activities	14
Statements of Cash Flows	15
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheets - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheets	
to the Statements of Net Position	17
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
of Governmental Funds to the Statements of Activities	19
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in the Fund	
Balances - Budgets and Actual - General Fund	20
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	21-30
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Roster of Board Members	31



Board of Directors North Sonoma Coast Fire Protection District The Sea Ranch, California

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024, and 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the North Sonoma Coast Fire Protection District's, basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the North Sonoma Coast Fire Protection District, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the North Sonoma Coast Fire Protection District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the North Sonoma Coast Fire Protection District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not

detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Sonoma Coast Fire Protection District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the North Sonoma Coast Fire Protection District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-12 and budgetary comparison information on page 20 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Blomberg & Shiffin A.C.

Stockton, CA

September 10, 2024

As management of the North Sonoma Coast Fire Protection District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements (pages 13-20) and the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements (pages 21-30).

Financial Highlights

- The year ended June 30, 2024, is the eighth fiscal period of the District.
- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year ended June 30, 2024, by \$3,221,278 (net position). Of this amount, \$2,163,530 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year ended June 30, 2023, by \$2,900,864 (net position). Of this amount, \$2,163,327 (unrestricted net position) could be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Further details can be found on page 14.
- As of the close of the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$2,163,530, and \$2,163,327, respectively. Further details can be found on page 17.
- A large portion of the District's net position (33 percent for 2024 and 25 percent for 2023) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., buildings and improvements and equipment). The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government- wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private- sector business.

The Statements of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Activities presents information showing how the District's Net Position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in Net Position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that

Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and unpaid vendors invoices for services previously provided). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-15 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other states and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District's funds are governmental funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements. Noncurrent assets, capital assets and long-term liabilities are not included in governmental funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheets and the governmental fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District uses governmental funds to account for its activities, which include fire protection services in the District boundaries. The District adopts an annual budget for its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21-30 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis:

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,221,278 and \$2,900,864 on June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Further details can be found below and on page 13.

TABLE 1: NET POSITION

							2024 vs. 2023			2023 vs	. 2022	
	J	une 30, 2 <u>024</u>	Ju	me 30, 2023	Jı	me 30, <u>2022</u>		\$	%		\$	0/0
Assets		,										
Current and Other Assets	\$	2,174,331	\$	2,516,368	\$	1,745,724	(3	342,037)	-13.5	9%	\$ 770,644	44.14%
Capital Assets - Net	_	1,137,346		834,642		909,964		302,704	36.2	27%	(75,322)	-8.28%
Total Assets	_	3,311,677		3,351 <u>,</u> 010		2,655,688		(39,333)	<u>-1.1</u>	7%	695,322	26.18%
Liabilities												
Current Liabilities		29,548		371,154		29,098	(3	341,606)	-92.0)4%	342,056	1175.53%
Long-Term Liabilities	_	60,851	_	78,992		97,113		(18,141)	-22.9	97%	(18,121)	-18.66%
Total Liabilities	_	90,399		450,146		126,211	(;	359,747)	-79.9	2%	323,935	256.66%
Net Position												
Invested in Capital Assets,												
net of related debt		1,057,748		737,537		795,351	ŝ	320,211	43.4	12%	(57,814)	-7.27%
Unrestricted		2,163,530		2,163,327		1,734,126		203	0,0)1%	429,201	24.75%
Total Net Position	\$_	3,221,278	\$_	2,900,864	\$	2,529,477	·	320,414	11.0)5%	\$ 371,387	14.68%

The balance of the unrestricted net position (\$2,163,530 and \$2,163,327 for June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and vendors. Further details can be found on page 13.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District is able to report positive balances in all categories of Net Position.

Government-wide activities:

Government-wide activities increased the District's Net Position by \$320,414 and \$371,387 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. This increase is a result of net income in governmental activities. Further information can be found below and on page 14.

TABLE 2: STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			2024		. 2023	2023 vs	. 2022	
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	\$	%	\$	%	
Revenues								
Program Revenues:								
Public safety -								
Fire Protection	\$ 51,845	\$ 143,762	\$ 185,074	\$ (91,917)	-63.94%	\$ (41,312)	-22.32%	
General Revenues:								
Taxes	1,835,354	1,729,259	1,550,634	106,095	6.14%	178,625	11.52%	
Investment Earnings	114,873	81,137	3,038	33,736	41.58%	78,099	2570.74%	
Interest expense on Note	(1,599)	(3,950)	(11,910)	2,351	-59.52%	7,960	-66.83%	
Total Revenues	2,000,473	1,950,208	1,726,836	50,265	2.58%	223,372	12.94%	
Program Expenses								
Public Safety	1,680,059	1,563,196	1,338,200	116,863	7.48%	224,996	16.81%	
Total Expenses	1,680,059	1,563,196	1,338,200	116,863	<u>7.48%</u>	224,996	16.81%	
Prior Period Adjustment		(15,625)		15,625	_100.00%	(15,625)	100.00%	
Change in Net Position	320,414	371,387	388,636	(50,973)	-13.73%	(17,249)	-4.44%	
Beginning Net Position	2,900,864	2,529,477	2,140,841	371,387	14.68%	388,636	18.15%	
Ending Net Postion	\$ 3,221,278	\$ 2,900,864	\$ 2,529,477	\$320,414	11.05%	\$371,387	14.68%	

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$2,163,530 and \$2,163,327, respectively.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balances to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 40 percent for 2024 and 138 percent of 2023 of total government fund expenditures which were \$2,001,869 and \$1,524,957 for June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. See page 18 for further details.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Material differences between the original budget and the actual results can be briefly summarized as follows:

- The actual District tax revenue for 2023-2024 went up 6.1 percent over the prior year, rather than the 2 percent increase used for the original budget estimate.
- Interest income was 52% higher than budget.
- Only 5% of the amount budgeted for payroll expenses was spent, as the anticipated new full-time employee was not hired until FY25.

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, amounted to \$1,137,346 and \$834,642 (net of accumulated depreciation), respectively. This investment in capital assets is principally firefighting vehicles and equipment.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 1 on page 24 and Note 5 on page 28 of this report.

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2024, the District has a note payable to Westamerica Bank. The loan amount was \$178,911 with an interest rate of 3.5 percent and matures in July 2027. See Note 6 on page 29 for further details.

Economic Factors and Budgeting

Our sixth budget, FY 2021-2022:

The District added \$234,232 to the reserve.

Our seventh budget, FY 2022-2023:

The District added \$429,201 to the reserve.

Our eighth budget, FY 2023-2024:

This fiscal year is the subject of this audit.

We continued to budget conservatively.

For FY2023-2024, we budgeted a reduction in reserves due to a large planned expenditure for apparatus that was originally scheduled for FY2022-2023, but the reduction was smaller than what was budgeted due to an increase in tax revenues, a small grant, an unexpected apparatus rental, and lower than budgeted payroll expenses. We also for the most part kept routine operational expenses under budget.

It should be noted here that the contract with CAL FIRE was about 71 percent of our operational expenses in FY2023-2024 and is considered absolutely critical to the effectiveness of our fire department. See further comments on this in the District Operations section of this report.

In the course of this last fiscal year, we have continued to update and carry out our apparatus replacement plan. Our current level of tax revenue now allows us to fund basic operational needs and mostly cover the costs of replacing our three main engines. The non-tax revenues are allowing us to opportunistically replace other vehicles in our fleet on a year-to-year basis. In FY2021-2022 the District committed to the purchase of a Type 6 "mini pumper", to replace an aging 2001 rescue truck. That vehicle finally arrived in summer 2024 and cost \$355,451. In addition to that the District expects to replace its oldest "large" engine by the summer of 2025 with a Type 3 engine of the same model and manufactured as CAL FIRE's wildland engines, at an initial estimated cost of \$448,000.

What our funding levels through FY2023-2024 did not cover is the buildup of significant reserves to deal with major new needs, such as expanding the North Fire Station, increasing the paid CAL FIRE staff, or funding for paid full-time administrative staff. That funding challenge has been mitigated with the passage of Sonoma County Ballot Measure H in March of 2024.

Economic Factors and Budgeting, (continued)

Budget for FY 2024-2025:

The budget for the current fiscal year, FY 2024-2025, is another conservative budget, but one that has increased significantly due to revenue which will flow from the ½ cent sales tax created in Sonoma County by the passage of Measure H. Sales tax funds allocated to the District are estimated to be \$1,135,000 in this fiscal year, and around \$1,457,900 in FY2025-2026. The additional revenue will allow the District to do three significant things: (1) Increase the paid CAL FIRE staffing to meet standards and ensure a minimum of 3 career staff available on calls 24x7; (2) Hire full-time administrative staff; and (3) Support the expansion and improvement of the North Fire Station to support residential space for firefighters and improved training and equipment space. We are projecting a significant increase of reserves mainly due to the accumulation of sales tax funds intended for the fire station construction project, which is still in the early planning stage.

The permanent revenue stream from the Measure H sales tax has corrected the financial instability caused by the District's loss of property tax revenue to the Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF). The District loses about 46 percent of its initial property tax revenue to ERAF and has been unsuccessful at all prior attempts to recover the loss to ERAF. The sales tax funds will allow the District to continue to maintain and improve its ability to meet its mission of serving and protecting the public.

With regard to our reserves:

In FY2023-2024, the District defined two new assigned funds, the "Operating Reserve Fund" and "Apparatus Fund", to better clarify intended uses of reserves and the remaining amount of uncommitted funds. The Operating Reserve Fund amount was updated in FY2024-2025 to support the District's policy of keeping six months' worth of budgeted operating expenses in reserve. The Apparatus Fund also received additional funds to cover anticipated purchases, and a resolution was passed to commit all apparatus rental revenue automatically to the Apparatus Fund. In FY2024-2025, additional funds will be defined to contain and track sales tax revenue and how it is spent.

These designated reserves are not legally restricted reserves, but are set aside by policy to provide prudent contingency reserves. Changes to these reserves or alternative uses of these reserves can only be affected by a vote of approval by the NSCFPD board of directors.

Economic Factors and Budgeting, (continued)

An additional item of value available to NSCFPD is the use of the North Fire Station. The District's associated 501(c)(3), the North Sonoma Coast Volunteer Firefighter Association owns and maintains the station and makes it available to the District. There is no direct monetary exchange or rent involved in this transaction. The two entities have signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) regarding the use of the building.

In return for the use of the building, the District pays for insurance and utilities at the station. While it is difficult to fix an actual dollar value on this asset, it is estimated that rental on an equivalent building in the area would cost \$6,000 to \$6,200 a month.

As the project to expand and improve the station proceeds it is anticipated that the MOU will be replaced with a long-term lease to allow the sales tax funds allocated to the District to be used for the construction project.

District Operations

The District covers 172 square miles in the northwest corner of Sonoma County. Emergency services are provided by North Sonoma Coast Volunteer Firefighters, with the continued support of CAL FIRE. Services provided by CAL FIRE, in addition to responding to emergency calls, are administration, training, and management of day-to-day operations, maintenance and service for all District vehicles, business life & safety inspections, vehicle fuel, community education, and fire investigations. The CAL FIRE contract provides a minimum of two (and starting in 2025, three) permanent staff 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. In addition, while not part of the District's contract for permanent staff, CAL FIRE staffs one wildland firefighting engine with 3 or 4 personnel during fire season. CAL FIRE staff and District volunteers respond together as one department, North Sonoma Coast Fire (NSC Fire).

All CAL FIRE personnel are quartered at the Sea Ranch CAL FIRE station on Annapolis Road. Several of the NSC vehicles are also at the Sea Ranch CAL FIRE station and are used by both CAL FIRE contracted staff and NSC Fire volunteers to respond to incidents.

NSC Fire uses three other locations which are unstaffed, but which house district vehicles and equipment:

- The Sea Ranch North Fire Station, as described above,
- The "Annapolis Station" on Annapolis Road is owned by Sonoma County but is provided, by license, for use by NSC Fire, and

District Operations (continued)

• A metal shed on the grounds of Horicon School in Annapolis is also used to house one piece of firefighting equipment.

The NSC Volunteer firefighting crew currently consists of 14 active firefighters, and/or EMTs, including one Fire Chief, one Assistant Fire Chief, and two Fire Captains. In addition, there are three support members. Volunteers attend one scheduled training every two weeks, with occasional additional training events added in as needed. Volunteer firefighters receive no salary or hourly pay. Volunteers do receive a stipend of \$13 per call for responding to emergency calls and for performing some station or apparatus maintenance tasks. In addition, if personnel revenue is received from other sources when our firefighters participate in larger mutual-aid incidents, pre-positioning/upstaffing during high fire danger periods, or "wet-hires" to CAL FIRE, any compensation for the engine crew is simply passed on to the crew without modification. The average age of volunteer firefighters is 59.

The apparatus fleet of NSC Fire consists of four fire engines, four rescue trucks, one pickup truck, one chief's vehicle, and two water tenders.

In addition to routine tasks associated with responding to calls, training, and running day-to-day operations, volunteer staff continue to work on additional projects related to the administration of the District to ensure continued support for future firefighters and District boards. These projects include long- term replacement plans for apparatus and capital equipment, maintenance of robust policy and procedure documents using the "Lexipol" system, applications for state and local grant funds, and documentation of the District's operations. NSC Fire also works on public outreach and information programs in order to keep the community informed and educated about the District and fire safety. Information is made available by occasional articles in local newspapers, one or two public meetings each year, participating in a biennial community safety fair, information in an annual holiday news and fundraising mailer, and publication of a website, http://nscfpd.org.

District Operations, (continued)

The charts below show the call types and locations for calendar year 2023:

	Svin.	ner e	Γotals	by M	onth a	and C	all Typ	oe -				11.110	
	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
Fire	1	3	3	2	1	2	2	0	1	0	1	1	17
Medical Aid	21	10	14	15	25	23	21	15	11	13	14	16	198
Vehicle Accident	0	2	3	3	1	1	5	2	1	7	3	3	31
Rescue	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	5
Public Assist	6	5	3	1	3	0	8	6	3	5	4	2	46
Agency Assist	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	4
Alarm Sounding	2	0	2	0	3	1	3	2	2	2	1	1	19
Smoke Check	2	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	9
Haz-Conditions	95	7	22	2	3	2	0	1	1	0	2	7	142
Haz-Mat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Search and Rescue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Other	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
Total	128	27	47	26	39	29	40	28	21	28	29	34	476

Totals by Month and Location													
	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
The Sea Ranch	108	16	25	18	21	25	29	20	13	20	26	21	342
Annapolis	13	3	7	3	4	1	4	3	3	1	1	3	46
Timber Cove	5	1	9	2	3	0	3	2	4	2	0	6	37
Mendocino County	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	6
Kasha-Ya	2	5	4	2	11	2	3	3	1	5	0	3	41
Other	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	5
Total	128	27	47	26	39	29	40	28	21	28	29	34	476

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the North Sonoma Coast Fire Protection District, Post Office Box 386, The Sea Ranch, CA 95497.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024 and 2023

Assets	2024	2023
Current Assets		
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,997,478	\$ 2,341,388
Accounts Receivable	176,853	113,851
Prepaid Expense		61,129
Total Current Assets	2,174,331	2,516,368
Capital Assets		
Equipment	1,712,914	1,291,366
Accumulated Depreciation	(575,568)	(456,724)
Total Capital Assets	1,137,346	834,642
Total Assets	\$ 3,311,677	\$ 3,351,010
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,658	\$ 347,879
Accrued Expenses	7,143	5,162
Current portion of Note Payable	18,747	18,113
Total Current Liabilities	29,548	371,154
Non-Current Liabilities		
Note Payable	60,851	78,992
Total Non-Current Liabilities	60,851	78,992
Total Liabilities	90,399	450,146
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,057,748	737,537
Unrestricted	2,163,530_	2,163,327
Total Net Position	3,221,278	2,900,864
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 3,311,677	\$ 3,351,010

Statement of Activities For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Program Expenses	2024	2023		
Fire Protection:				
Services and Supplies	\$ 1,561,215	\$ 1,468,486		
Depreciation	118,844_	94,710		
Total Program Expenses	1,680,059	1,563,196		
Program Revenues				
Rental Income	14,107	208		
Operating Grants and Donations	37,738	143,554		
Total Program Revenues	51,845	143,762		
Net Program Expenses	1,628,214	1,419,434		
General Revenues				
Property Taxes	1,835,354	1,729,259		
Investment Income	114,873	81,137		
Interest Expense	(1,599)	(3,950)		
Total General Revenues	1,948,628	1,806,446		
Change in Net Position	320,414	387,012		
Net Position-Beginning of Year	2,900,864	2,529,477		
Prior Period Adjustment - Note 8		(15,625)		
Net Position-End of Year	\$ 3,221,278	\$ 2,900,864		

Statements of Cash Flows

For The Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Cash Flow From Operating Activities:		
Cash received from Program Revenue	\$ (11,157)	\$ 147,655
Cash paid to Vendors	(1,842,326)	(1,188,172)
Net cash Provided by (Used for) Operations	(1,853,483)	(1,040,517)
Cash Flow From Non-Capital Financing Activities:		
Property Tax Received	1,835,354	1,729,259
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Interest Income	114,873	81,137
Acquisition of Equipment	(421,548)	(35,013)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Principal Funding of Note Payable	(17,507)	(17,508)
Interest Payment	(1,599)	(3,950)
Net Change in Cash	(343,910)	713,408
Cash, Beginning of Period	2,341,388	1,627,980
Cash, End of Period	\$ 1,997,478	\$ 2,341,388
Reconciliation Of Operating Income To		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:		
Operating Loss (Net Program Expenses)	\$ (1,628,214)	\$ (1,419,434)
Adjustment to Reconcile Change in Net		
Position to Cash from Operations		
Depreciation and Amortization	118,844	94,710
(Increase) Decrease in:		
Receivables	(63,002)	3,893
Prepaid Expenses	61,129	(61,129)
Increase (Decrease) in:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	(342,240)	341,443
Total Cash Provided by (Used for) Operations	\$ (1,853,483)	\$ (1,040,517)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024 and 2023

Assets	Go	2023 Total Governmental Funds		
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	1,997,478 176,853	\$	2,341,388 113,851 61,129
Total Assets	\$	2,174,331	_\$	2,516,368
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	10,801	_\$	353,041
Total Liabilities	· <u></u>	10,801		353,041
Fund Balance				
Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned		1,369,926 793,604		61,129 - 2,102,198
Total Fund Balance		2,163,530	 -	2,163,327
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	2,174,331	\$	2,516,368

Reconciliation of The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
To The Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,163,530	\$ 2,163,327
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds	1,137,346	834,642
Notes payable are not reported in government funds	(79,598)	(97,105)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,221,278	\$ 2,900,864

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For The Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	Go	2024 Total overnmental	2023 Total Governmental		
General Revenues	-	Funds		Funds	
Property Taxes	\$	1,835,354	\$	1,729,259	
Intergovernmental		14,107		208	
Interest and Investment Earnings		114,873		81,137	
Operating Grants and Donations		37,738		143,554	
Total Revenues		2,002,072		1,954,158	
Expenditures					
Expenditures:					
Materials, Supplies, and Services		1,561,215		1,468,486	
Loan Principal and Interest Payment		19,106		21,458	
Capital Outlay	·	421,548		35,013	
Total Expenditures		2,001,869		1,524,957	
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		203		429,201	
Net Change in Fund Balances		203		429,201	
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		2,163,327		1,734,126	
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	2,163,530	\$	2,163,327	

Reconciliations of Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities

For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	 2024		2023
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 203	\$	429,201
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital outlay is reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, a portion of the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Current year depreciation Capital asset expenditures	(118,844) 421,548		(94,710) 35,013
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.			
Payment to a loan	 17,507		17,508
Change in Net Position of Governmental Funds	\$ 320,414	\$	387,012

Statement of Revenue, Expenditure and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Governmental Fund For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024		Variance
NEW TENY LEG		Amount	Actual	Positive
REVENUES:	Original	Final	Amount	(Negative)
Property Taxes Interest income	\$ 1,763,845	\$ 1,763,845	\$ 1,835,354	\$ 71,509
Rental income	75,330	75,330	114,873 14,107	39,543 14,107
Donations	21,512	21,512	21,512	14,107
Operating Grants & Miscellaneous Revenue	16,226	16,226	16,226	
Total Revenues	1,876,913	1,876,913	2,002,072	125,159
EXPENDITURES:				
Current				
Services and Supplies	1,742,390	1,742,390	1,561,215	181,175
Loan Principal and Interest Payment	21,512	21,512	19,106	2,406
Capital Expenses	357,000	357,000	421,548	(64,548)
Total Expenditures	2,120,902	2,120,902	2,001,869	119,033
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(243,989)	(243,989)	203	244,192
Net Change in Fund Balance	(243,989)	(243,989)	203	244,192
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year			2,163,327	
Fund Balance-End of Year			\$ 2,163,530	
	•	2023		Vorianos
	Budgetes	2023	Actual	Variance Positive
REVENUES:	Budgetee Original	2023 I Amount Final	Actual Amount	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Property Taxes		Amount		Positive (Negative)
	Original	l Amount Final	Amount	Positive (Negative)
Property Taxes	Original \$ 1,597,154 34,900	Final 1,597,154	Amount \$ 1,729,259	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations	* 1,597,154 34,900 - 41,512	Final \$ 1,597,154	* 1,729,259 81,137 208	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512)
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue	Original \$ 1,597,154 34,900	Final \$ 1,597,154	* 1,729,259 81,137	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations	* 1,597,154 34,900 - 41,512	Final \$ 1,597,154	* 1,729,259 81,137 208	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512)
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations Operating Grants & Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:	* 1,597,154 34,900	Final \$ 1,597,154	* 1,729,259	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512) 138,699
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations Operating Grants & Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current	*** 1,597,154 34,900	Final \$ 1,597,154	Amount \$ 1,729,259 81,137 208	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512) 138,699 275,737
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations Operating Grants & Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current Services and Supplies	Original \$ 1,597,154 34,900 - 41,512 4,855 1,678,421	Final \$ 1,597,154	Amount \$ 1,729,259 81,137 208	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512) 138,699 275,737
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations Operating Grants & Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current Services and Supplies Loan Principal and Interest Payment	Original \$ 1,597,154	Final \$ 1,597,154	Amount \$ 1,729,259 81,137 208 143,554 1,954,158 1,468,486 21,458	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512) 138,699 275,737 68,600 54
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations Operating Grants & Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current Services and Supplies	Original \$ 1,597,154 34,900 - 41,512 4,855 1,678,421	Final \$ 1,597,154	Amount \$ 1,729,259 81,137 208	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512) 138,699 275,737
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations Operating Grants & Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current Services and Supplies Loan Principal and Interest Payment	Original \$ 1,597,154	Final \$ 1,597,154	Amount \$ 1,729,259 81,137 208 143,554 1,954,158 1,468,486 21,458	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512) 138,699 275,737 68,600 54
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations Operating Grants & Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current Services and Supplies Loan Principal and Interest Payment Capital Expenses	\$ 1,597,154 34,900 - 41,512 4,855 1,678,421 1,537,086 21,512 82,000	Amount Final	Amount \$ 1,729,259 81,137 208 143,554 1,954,158 1,468,486 21,458 35,013	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512) 138,699 275,737 68,600 54 46,987
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations Operating Grants & Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current Services and Supplies Loan Principal and Interest Payment Capital Expenses Total Expenditures	\$ 1,597,154 34,900 - 41,512 4,855 1,678,421 1,537,086 21,512 82,000 1,640,598	Amount Final	Amount \$ 1,729,259 81,137 208	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512) 138,699 275,737 68,600 54 46,987 115,641
Property Taxes Interest income Intergovernmental revenue Donations Operating Grants & Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current Services and Supplies Loan Principal and Interest Payment Capital Expenses Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 1,597,154 34,900 - 41,512 4,855 1,678,421 1,537,086 21,512 82,000 1,640,598 37,823	Amount Final	Amount \$ 1,729,259 81,137 208 143,554 1,954,158 1,468,486 21,458 35,013 1,524,957 429,201	Positive (Negative) \$ 132,105 46,237 208 (41,512) 138,699 275,737 68,600 54 46,987 115,641 391,378

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The North Sonoma Coast Fire Protection District (the District or NSCFPD) became a special District on April 1, 2016, with its own publicly elected governing board. NSCPFD serves the area previously served by the Annapolis and Sea Ranch Volunteer Fire Companies, which were funded through Sonoma County Service Area #40. The creation of the District shifted control of all of the property tax funds allocated for fire protection in the District's boundaries into local hands.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The District is a legally separate and independent entity that is not a component unit of the County of Sonoma. Further, the District has no component unit organization under its control. Therefore, this comprehensive annual financial report and the financial statements contained within represent solely the activities, transactions, and status of the District.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statement but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government wide-statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first for designated purposes, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. All of the District's funds were considered major.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for these funds' present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental funds are generally accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual include property taxes and interest income. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred (when goods are received, or services are rendered).

D. <u>Fund Accounting</u>

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The fund types and funds utilized by the District are described as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District's annual or final budget is the initial budget and any revisions to the budget that have been approved by the Board of Directors. The Board may amend the budget during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

The District reports certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognizes the corresponding change in the fair value of investment in the year in which the change occurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements (none at this time), and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as an asset with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of at least five years. Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation and all capital assets are computed using a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment

5 - 20 years

H. <u>Notes Payable</u>

The District has a note from Westamerica Bank, started in April 2017. Note 6 on page 30 provides additional information about long-term liabilities.

I. <u>Net Position</u>

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Invested in capital assets includes capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balance of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District, or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Fund Balance Classifications

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. GASB 54 establishes Fund Balance classifications based largely upon the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The Governmental Fund statements conform to this new classification.

<u>Non-Spendable</u>: Items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan fund.

<u>Restricted:</u> Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources, the use of which is constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making (normally the governing body) and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

<u>Assigned</u>: Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The District has assigned \$865,355 for the Operating Reserve Fund and \$504,607 for the Apparatus Fund for the total Assigned Fund balance of \$1,369,962.

<u>Unassigned:</u> This category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them.

Changes in reserve use or a new use of reserve requires board approval.

K. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The District's management has made certain estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

2. PROPERTY TAX REVENUE

The District receives property tax revenue from the County of Sonoma (the "County"). The County is responsible for assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes in accordance with state law. Taxes are levied annually on July 1st, and one-half are due by November 1st and one-half by February 1st. Taxes are delinquent after December 10th and April 10th, respectively. Supplemental property taxes are levied on a pro-rata basis when changes in assessed valuation occur due to the completion of construction or sales transactions. Liens on real property are established on January 1st for the ensuing fiscal year.

Since the passage of California's Proposition 13, general property taxes are based either on a flat 1% rate applied to the 1975/1976 full value, or on 1% of the sales price of the property on sales transactions, and construction after 1975/1976 valuation. Taxable values on properties (excluding increases related to sales, transfers, and construction) can increase at a maximum rate of 2% per year.

On June 30, 1993, the Board of Supervisors adopted the "Teeter" method of property tax allocation. This method allocates property taxes based on the total property tax billed. At year-end, the County advances cash to each taxing jurisdiction equal to its current year delinquent taxes. Once the delinquent taxes are collected, the revenue from penalties and interest remains with the County and is used to pay the interest cost of borrowing the cash used for the advances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

3. CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS

The District holds the majority of reserve funds in investment accounts approved for use by public agencies.

Cash and investments consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,997,478	\$ 2,341,388
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,997,478	\$ 2,341,388

4. <u>ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE</u>

Accounts Receivable represents amount due from Sonoma County and other governmental units for balances collected on behalf of the District, principally property tax revenue. Management believes receivables on June 30, 2024 and 2023 will be fully collected. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful receivables is recorded.

Accounts Receivable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2023		2022	
Accounts Receivable	\$	176,853		113,851
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	176,853	\$	113,851

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

5. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

An analysis of capital asset balances as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

June 30, 2024	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Adjustment	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Equipment	\$ 1,291,366	\$ 421,548	\$	\$ 1,712,914
Total capital assets, being depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	1,291,366	421,548		1,712,914
Equipment	(456,724)	(118,844)		(575,568)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	(456,724)	(118,844)		(575,568)
Capital assets, net	\$ 834,642	\$ 302,704	\$	<u>\$ 1,137,346</u>
June 30, 2023 Capital assets, being depreciated	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023
June 30, 2023 Capital assets, being depreciated Equipment		Additions \$ 35,014	Deletions \$ 25,000	
Capital assets, being depreciated Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	July 1, 2022			June 30, 2023
Capital assets, being depreciated Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Equipment	July 1, 2022 \$ 1,281,352	\$ 35,014	\$ 25,000	June 30, 2023 \$ 1,291,366
Capital assets, being depreciated Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated Less Accumulated Depreciation for:	\$ 1,281,352 1,281,352	\$ 35,014	\$ 25,000 25,000	June 30, 2023 \$ 1,291,366 1,291,366

Depreciation expense for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$118.844 and \$94,710, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

6. <u>LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</u>

Long-term liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

			2024		
	Beginning				Due within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	One year
Notes payable-					
Westamerica	\$ 97,105	\$ -	\$ 17,507	\$ 79,598	\$ 18,747
Total long-term					
Liabilities	\$ 97,105	\$	\$ 17,507	\$ 79,598	<u>\$ 18,747</u>
	Beginning		2023		Due within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	One year
Notes payable-					
Westamerica Total long-term	\$ 114,613	\$ -	\$ 17,508	\$ 97,105	\$ 18,113

Note Payable- Westamerica

The District has a note payable dated April 2017 and funded July 2017. The loan is for \$178,911, has an interest rate of 3.5 percent, and matures in July 2027. The balance due on June 30, 2024 is \$79,598. Payments on June 30 are as follows:

<u>FY</u>	FY Principal		<u>Principal</u> <u>Interes</u>	
2025	\$ 18,747	\$ 2,766		
2026	19,403	2,109		
2027	20,082	1,430		
2028	21,366	146		
Total	\$79,598	\$6,451		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

7. <u>LEASES</u>

The District occupies four stations. One station is owned by Sonoma County and licensed for use by the District. There is no rent payment. A second station that is owned by The Sea Ranch Volunteer Fire Department, Inc (a 501(c)(3) corporation) is used by the District under the terms of a Memorandum of Understanding; no rent is paid. The third station is owned by CAL FIRE and is where the full-time CAL FIRE staff are housed, as well as some District apparatus. The District does pay rent on this station, but the rent is embedded in the CAL FIRE contract and is not paid separately. The fourth station is a storage shed on the grounds of Horicon School, which houses one piece of fire apparatus. The District has an MOU with the Horicon School District for this facility. There is no rent charged. The District owns the shed.

8. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District made a prior period adjustment of \$15,625 for the fiscal year 2022-2023 due to the omission of sales of net assets. There were no prior period adjustments for the fiscal year 2023-2024.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; and errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the government provides coverage through its participation with other Fire Districts in the Fire Agencies Insurance Risk Authority (FAIRA) system. As a member of a public entity risk pool, the District and FAIRA, implementing all policies of FAIRA, promptly paying all contributions, and cooperating with FAIRA and any insurer of FAIRA. FAIRA is responsible for providing insurance coverage as agreed upon, assisting the District with implementation, providing claims adjusting and defense of any civil action brought against an officer of FAIRA.

The District also is a member of the Fire District Association of California/Fire Risk Management System (FDAC/FRMS) for workers' compensation coverage.

10. <u>CONTINGENCIES</u>

Litigation – No claims involving the District are currently outstanding. Management believes that there are no material adverse effects on the District's financial position or results of operations.

11. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

The District has evaluated subsequent events to June 30, 2024, to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosures in the financial statements. Such events were evaluated through September 10, 2024, the date these financial statements were available

ROSTER OF BOARD MEMBERS JUNE 30, 2024

Directors:

Marti Campbell

Chair

Jim Nybakken

Vice Chair

Jackie Gardener

Member

Leslie Tittle

Member

Clerk of the Board:

Tristan Colson

Secretary

Treasurer of the District:

Bonnie Plakos (Fire Chief)